

**Appendix B: Questionnaire to be completed**

**Country:**.....Thailand.....

**Date:**.....February 1, 2021.....

**Contact details of the respondent:**.....[REDACTED].....

**Signature of the respondent:** .....

Questions:

1) Which of the following controls apply to the import of 1) non-halogenated polymers (under B3011<sup>2</sup> plastic waste) in your country?

- a) Prohibition
- b) Prior written notification and consent;
- c) No Control
- d) Other control procedures under national law.

2) For imports that are subject to “other control procedures” (i.e. d) above), please summarise what these control procedures are and where further information can be found:

The domestic law, import such a plastic above require import permit which need the certificate from country of origin ensuring that the plastic waste comply with import criterie.

3) Please use the box below to provide any comments or clarifications regarding your reply to this questionnaire (*optional*):

Currently, Thailand has temporarily banned the importaion of plastic waste and scrap, followed the notification of Ministry of Industry Subject Delaying consideration of importing into Thailand (2017). Meanwhile, Ministry of Commerce has initiated "Ministry of Commerce regulations regarding permission to import plastic scraps into the Kingdom of Thailand B.E. ....". It will control the inbound tariff, catagory 39.15. The impo rted plastic scrap must be segregated by type not contaminated or mixed with other materials, distined only to the defined factory, approved by the department of Industrial Works, for direct recycling in the environmentally sound management manner.

4) Please note that the response to these questions will be considered as an official reply and will be shared with relevant UK regulators and stakeholders. The contact details of the respondent will not be shared outside of the UK government.

<sup>2</sup> The Basel Convention lists 4 types of waste plastics that can be classified as B3011. 1) Non-halogenated polymers, 2) Cured resins/Condensation products, 3) Fluorinated polymers, 4) Mixtures of separated polyethylene, polypropylene and polyethylene terephthalate that will be separately recycled and are almost free of contamination and other wastes. These are described in more detail in Appendix A:

5) Which of the following controls apply to the import of 2) Cured resins/Condensation product (under B3011<sup>3</sup> plastic waste) in your country?

a) Prohibition

b) Prior written notification and consent;

c) No Control

d) Other control procedures under national law.

6) For imports that are subject to "other control procedures" (i.e. d) above), please summarise what these control procedures are and where further information can be found:

7) Please use the box below to provide any comments or clarifications regarding your reply to this questionnaire (*optional*):

Currently, Thailand has temporarily banned the importation of plastic waste and scrap, followed the notification of Ministry of Industry Subject: Delaying consideration of importing into Thailand (2017). Meanwhile, Ministry of Commerce has initiated "Ministry of Commerce regulations regarding permission to import plastic scraps into the Kingdom of Thailand B.E. ....". It will control the inbound tariff, category 39.15. The imported plastic scrap must be segregated by type, destined only to the defined factory, approved by the department of Industrial Works, for direct recycling in the environmentally sound management manner.

8) Please note that the response to these questions will be considered as an official reply and will be shared with relevant UK regulators and stakeholders. The contact details of the respondent will not be shared outside of the UK government.

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<sup>3</sup> The Basel Convention lists 4 types of waste plastics that can be classified as B3011. 1) Non-halogenated polymers, 2) Cured resins/Condensation products, 3) Fluorinated polymers, 4) Mixtures of separated polyethylene, polypropylene and polyethylene terephthalate that will be separately recycled and are almost free of contamination and other wastes. These are described in more detail in Appendix A:

9) Which of the following controls apply to the import of 3) Fluorinated polymers (under B3011<sup>4</sup> plastic waste) in your country?

- |                                                 |                                     |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| a) Prohibition                                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| b) Prior written notification and consent;      | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| c) No Control                                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| d) Other control procedures under national law. | <input type="checkbox"/>            |

10) For imports that are subject to "other control procedures" (i.e. d) above), please summarise what these control procedures are and where further information can be found:

11) Please use the box below to provide any comments or clarifications regarding your reply to this questionnaire (*optional*):

Currently, Thailand has temporarily banned the importation of plastic waste and scrap, followed the notification of Ministry of Industry Subject: Delaying consideration of importing into Thailand (2017). Meanwhile, Ministry of Commerce has initiated "Ministry of Commerce regulations regarding permission to import plastic scraps into the Kingdom of Thailand B.E. ....". It will control the inbound tariff, category 39.15. The imported plastic scrap must be segregated by type, destined only to the defined factory, approved by the department of Industrial Works, for direct recycling in the environmentally sound management manner.

12) Please note that the response to these questions will be considered as an official reply and will be shared with relevant UK regulators and stakeholders. The contact details of the respondent will not be shared outside of the UK government.

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<sup>4</sup> The Basel Convention lists 4 types of waste plastics that can be classified as B3011. 1) Non-halogenated polymers, 2) Cured resins/Condensation products, 3) Fluorinated polymers, 4) Mixtures of separated polyethylene, polypropylene and polyethylene terephthalate that will be separately recycled and are almost free of contamination and other wastes. These are described in more detail in Appendix A:

13) Which of the following controls apply to the import of 4) Mixtures of separated polyethylene, polypropylene and polyethylene terephthalate that will be separately recycled and are almost free of contamination and other wastes (B3011<sup>5</sup> plastic waste) in your country?

- a) Prohibition
- b) Prior written notification and consent;
- c) No Control
- d) Other control procedures under national law.

14) For imports that are subject to “other control procedures” (i.e. d) above), please summarise what these control procedures are and where further information can be found:

15) Please use the box below to provide any comments or clarifications regarding your reply to this questionnaire (*optional*):

Unlike other categories under code B3011, the category 4, non-hazardous mixture of waste plastic, consisting of PE, PP and/or PET that will be separately recycled and are almost free from contamination and other wastes, has been prohibited to import to Thailand. And they will be banned for importation under the new Ministry of Commerce regulation since the mixture of plastic will not be allowed. Exception the PET bottles with caps

16) Please note that the response to these questions will be considered as an official reply and will be shared with relevant UK regulators and stakeholders. The contact details of the respondent will not be shared outside of the UK government.

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<sup>5</sup> The Basel Convention lists 4 types of waste plastics that can be classified as B3011. 1) Non-halogenated polymers, 2) Cured resins/Condensation products, 3) Fluorinated polymers, 4) Mixtures of separated polyethylene, polypropylene and polyethylene terephthalate that will be separately recycled and are almost free of contamination and other wastes. These are described in more detail in Appendix A: